

A PRACTICAL GUIDE TO FINDING A CARE HOME

Author:

W. Bro Joe Greiner – Suffolk Provincial Grand Almoner Team Elderly Care Lead Mobile: 07551 464047 Email: greiner@hotmail.co.uk

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Types of Care Home

- **Residential care homes** look after a person's general living requirements, such as accommodation and meals, as well as helping with personal care, such as washing and bathing.
- **Nursing homes** provide nursing care as well as personal care. They have a registered nurse on site 24 hours a day.
- Some care homes are registered as **dementia care homes**. They specialise in providing care and support for people with dementia. These can be either residential or nursing homes.

Looking for the right care home can be particularly **stressful**, especially when you don't know where to start or have to do it quickly due to a rapid deterioration in a person's health who requires care. In my experience **people do tend to be reactive rather than proactive** and leave it too late and seek to find a care home when there is a critically need.

The first step to finding a suitable care home is to find a **list of care homes in the area**, that are able to **support your loved ones care needs**, this can be done a number of ways but a very good tool for this is.

<u>www.carehomes.co.uk</u> This is a website that provides full details of the care homes in your area but also operates a trip advisor style review system, where residents and families can leave a review of the service. This gives you a very **good insight into** what the **service** is like to live in and the **kind of care you loved one is likely to receive**.

<u>www.cqc.org.uk</u> This is the **regulatory body for England** and here you can find the most recent report on the care homes which will detail any regulatory issues the home might have and give you a good overall indication of how the home is run. The CQC currently focus on 5 key lines of enquiry to establish if the home is **Caring, Safe, Effective, Responsive and Well Lead**.

Who arranges the care home placement.

Deciding who **arranges a place in a care home will depend on who is paying**. Sometimes the **local authority, health and social care trust or the NHS** will fund a person's care. In this case, **these organisations may organise a care home placement**.

If the person is **paying for their own care**, they or someone acting on their behalf, can **arrange a place independently**. Someone paying for their own care can also **ask the local authority to arrange it for them but there will be administration costs**.

If the local authority, health and social care trust or NHS is funding the person's care, they will usually provide a list of suitable care homes that the person can choose from. In this instance a care home is suitable if it:

- meets the person's **needs**
- meets the local authority's or health and social care trust's budget
- has a **place** available.

The choice of suitable care homes may be restricted because of the cost of the home, but the primary focus should be on meeting the person's needs. The care home must also be willing to sign a contract with the local authority or trust.

Finding a care home independently

Once you have a **list of the homes in your area** that can support the care needs of your loved one. You will need to try and **narrow down which ones would be most suitable** to the individual requiring care, the following tips should help with this process.

Start by **calling those care homes you have shortlisted** to find out the following information.

- **Type of care** they provide and if they could meet the individual's needs.
- Cost of the care home placement and what that covers.
- Whether there is availability and if there is a waiting list.

Once you have this information you can then **choose the care homes you wish to visit**, this is an **essential step as all care homes are very different** and can have a substantially **different feel from one home to the next**.

When visiting the homes, you have selected it will give you a good overall feel for how the home is run. You may want to arrange for a second or third visit and alter the times of the visit, so you get to see the home at different times.

You can also **turn up unannounced** to have a look around, but **homes are very busy places** and although any **good home** will do their very **best to accommodate a viewing** I would always recommend **calling ahead** particularly in light of **Covid-19 restrictions** and managing the **home safely**.

If you are visiting with the individual who requires care, take some time prior to the visit to ensure you log details about the persons interests, likes and dislikes to ensure the home can meet their needs in a person centred way. Ensure the person is involved as much as possible in the visit and gain feedback about how they feel about the service as your feeling and theirs may well be quite different.

First impressions can be a good sign of how the home is run.

- Are you greeted in a friendly way when you arrive?
- Is the atmosphere homely and welcoming?
- Is the home clean, and pleasantly decorated and furnished?
- Is the decoration appropriate? For example, not too much clutter, plain carpets and walls, good use of contrasting colours especially on walls and furniture.
- Are there any **unpleasant smells**?
- Is the environment stimulating for residents –for example, are there features or activities that the person can engage with?
- Is there appropriate signage to support people with dementia? For example, signs with pictures and words for toilets.
- Does the home have plenty of **natural light**, and is the **lighting suitable**? For example, **not too bright or too much glare**.

The best way to tell if a home is good is to look at how well the residents are treated and their general wellbeing. You may want to speak to residents and those who support them to find out about this.

- Are residents treated with **dignity and respect**? For example, are they **addressed by their preferred name**, and in a **friendly and respectful manner**?
- Are they involved in **meaningful activities**, such as **listening to music** they enjoy or **socialising** with one another?
- Does the home see the person as an individual and take an interest in their hobbies and relationships, rather than focusing on their condition? This is sometimes known as providing 'person-centred care'.
- What are the **home's routines** like? Can people **go to bed when they want?** What if they **get up at night**? What if they are **hungry at night**?
- Do residents have a care plan (a document that summarises how staff can meet the needs of the person)? How often is it reviewed? Who is involved in the review?
- Does the home use **digital or electronic care plans**? Can these be **shared with relatives**?

Washing, dressing and personal care

A good care home will ensure residents look well and attend to their personal grooming, things to consider might be?

- How often do residents bathe or shower? Can a person decide what they would prefer? Can the person choose when they bathe?
- Are residents' clothes clean? Can they choose what they like to wear and get help with getting dressed, if necessary?
- If aspects of a person's appearance are important to them because of religious or cultural reasons such as covering their hair or wearing a crucifix, do staff respect this and know what to do?

Staffing

A good home will ensure it has helpful and friendly staff, who are able to assist the individual who requires care.

- Do staff interact in a **friendly and caring manner** with the people who use the service.
- Does the Manager have a friendly interaction with the staff in the home.
- Do staff **talk to you freely** as you look around the home and are they able to **answer questions about the home**.
- Does the home use agency staff to cover shortfalls in the rota.

Visitors

It is important for those close to the person, such as family and friends, to be able to visit them regularly.

- Are visitors welcome at any time?
- Are there quiet areas where visitors can spend time with residents?

- Are visitors **encouraged** and supported to **take residents out**, or **join them for a meal**? Some homes **allow visitors** to come and **eat with their relative**.
- Are those close to the person **supported** to **become involved in the life of the home** for example, is there a **relatives' support group**?
- Can residents use Skype (or other similar technology) as a way of keeping in touch with relatives and friends?

Location

Where a home is situated can be an important factor in deciding whether it is suitable.

- Is the home in a good location for the person with dementia and people who will visit them?
- Are there **shops**, a park, a pub or place for worship nearby for residents who enjoy going out?
- Do other **people from the community** come into the home for example, a **local choir, religious leader, schoolchildren, or volunteers**?

Security and safety

It's important to know that a person with dementia will be in a safe and supportive environment. However, life can never be completely risk-free and they should also be supported to take appropriate risks and live as normal a life as possible. A care home can help a person stay safe.

Consider the following.

- Are people overly restricted? Are they prevented from doing lots of things to keep them safe? Are restrictions applied to everyone in the home in the same way without their individual circumstances being thought about?
- What measures are taken to **reduce the risk of falls**? Does the home use **motion sensors or pressure mats** to help **prevent falls**?
- Are call systems in place if the person needs help?

Bedrooms

The person requiring care should have a bedroom that is comfortable and meets their needs. They should feel that the room is their own, you may want to ask if...

- Are residents **encouraged** to bring in some of their **own furniture and possessions**?
- Is there an **en-suite toilet or an en-suite shower** with the room? **If not**, where is the **nearest toilet or shower**?
- Are the **bedrooms well-lit and appropriately decorated**? Can **residents decorate their room** if they want to?
- Can residents go to their rooms when they want to be alone?
- Does the home provide the T.V
- Is there a **phone** in the room?

Living areas

The communal living areas of the home may be where a person spends most of their time. These should be organised, so people feel engaged and supported.

- Are **chairs** arranged in small groups **to encourage socialising**, rather than placed around the **outside of the room**?
- Is there more than one room where residents can sit? Is there somewhere they can have some quiet time or see visitors?
- Are there areas for the person to do things like read or play a card game?
- Is there **outdoor space** for people to use? Is it **user friendly** for example, having a **clear path, places to sit and shaded areas**?

Food and drink

Many people need some support to make sure they are eating and drinking properly

- Does the home cater for people with **special diets**? Are residents' **likes and dislikes** as well as **medical, religious and cultural requirements** taken into account? For example, how do they **support** people who are **vegetarian or vegan**, or living with **diabetes**?
- Is a choice of food offered at mealtimes? Ask whether you can see the current menu.
- Are meals offered in the home healthy and well balanced?
- Can residents **eat in their rooms**, or eat at **different times** if they prefer? **How is this managed**?

Health and wellbeing

People who are living in a care home are likely to have a range of health and care needs. The right home should be able to support these.

- What happens if residents are unwell or need medication?
- What medical services do residents have access to, for example, doctors, community mental health teams, continence advisers, physiotherapists, opticians and dentists?
- Can the person **remain** with their **own GP**, or will they need to **register with one that the home uses**?
- Will residents have regular sight and hearing tests? How are these carried out?

Activities

Residents should have the opportunity to take part in stimulating activities, both individually and in groups, if they want to.

- Does the home provide **personalised activities** that are **suitable and engaging** for the person?
- Is there an activities programme? Is it varied and enjoyable for residents? Does it make allowances for individual needs – for example, seated exercises for less mobile residents?
- Are residents supported to continue with past hobbies and interests, and begin new ones, if they want to?

- Are there opportunities for residents to help staff with tasks, such as setting the tables or gardening?
- Do staff support residents to get outside the home and do things outside of the home for example, going to a place of worship or visiting their local pub if they want to?
- Are there any **organised trips and outings**? Do they **celebrate** special events such as **birthdays** or cultural events like **Easter**.
- Are residents encouraged and supported to exercise?
- Are residents able to choose what they want to do when they feel like it for example, listening to music or taking a walk outside?

Contracts

If the person's place at the home has been arranged through the local authority, there will be a contract between the home and the local authority. You can ask to see a copy.

If you are arranging a home independently, make sure you have a contract with the home. If you need to, get advice from a solicitor or Citizens Advice before signing any agreement.

- Is there an **up-front charge** that needs to be paid when the person moves in? Is the **deposit refundable**?
- What is included in the weekly fee? What may be charged as 'extras'?
- How much notice is given if the fees are raised?
- What kind of care and services can residents expect?
- What happens if a **resident's condition worsens**? Can they **remain in the home** and, if not, **how are alternative arrangements made**?
- What is the notice period to terminate the contract from either side?

Further Information

For further advice, please speak to your Group Almoner or our specialist Care Home Advocate:

W. Bro Joe Greiner

Mobile: 07551 464047

Email: greiner@hotmail.co.uk